

In Selecting Presents

You will find nothing better than the articles found in our store. They are always appropriate and appreciated.

HERE ARE SOME HINTS That May Help You.

STERLING SILVER
SILVER-PLATED WARE
OAK GOODS
CUT GLASS
CHINA

Special Attention Called to our Gongs and Salad Sets.

CHALLONER & MITCHELL Jewelers and Opticians
47 Gov't St.

A Few Words.



It needs no argument to demonstrate the desirability of buying your Groceries where the highest quality is joined to the lowest prices. We would like to call your attention to the fact that we always please the most exacting.

CREAMERY BUTTER 25c. lb.
DAIRY BUTTER 20c. lb.
ISLAND POTATOES \$1.00 sack
EASTERN EGGS, (fested) 25c. doz.
FLOUR AND SUGAR
... AT SAME PRICES AS LAST WEEK
MORGAN'S FRESH FROZEN EASTERN
OYSTERS.

Dixi H. Ross & Co.

For Popular Summer Drinks

"Montserrat" Lime Juice "Rose's" Lemon Juice

In pints and quarts.

Hudson's Bay Co.

J. PIERCY & CO.,

WHOLESALE DRY GOODS

AND CLOTHING MANUFACTURERS.

Makers of The Celebrated "IRONCLAD" Overalls

Victoria, B.C.

KEEP OUT THE FLIES BY USING SCREEN DOORS.

PRICES TO CLEAR OUT THIS YEAR'S STOCK.
2 foot 6 inches by 6 foot 6 inches \$1.30 each.
2 foot 8 inches by 6 foot 8 inches \$1.40 each.
2 foot 10 inches by 6 foot 10 inches \$1.55 each.
Trading Stamps on all purchases, and Double Stamps on all Wall Papers for this month. All papers reduced 20 to 30 per cent, so as to reduce stock for stocktaking.

J. W. MELLOR, 76 & 78 Fort St. above Douglas

Notice

We, the undersigned brick makers, have this day appointed J. RAYMOND, Sole Agent for the sale of our bricks, and to him all orders must be addressed.

ELFORD & SMITH,
JENNINGS BROS.
M. HUMBER.
JAMES BAKER.

Victoria, B.C., Aug. 5, 1900.
Office, Corner Government and Pandora Streets.

Victoria Transfer Company
LIMITED.

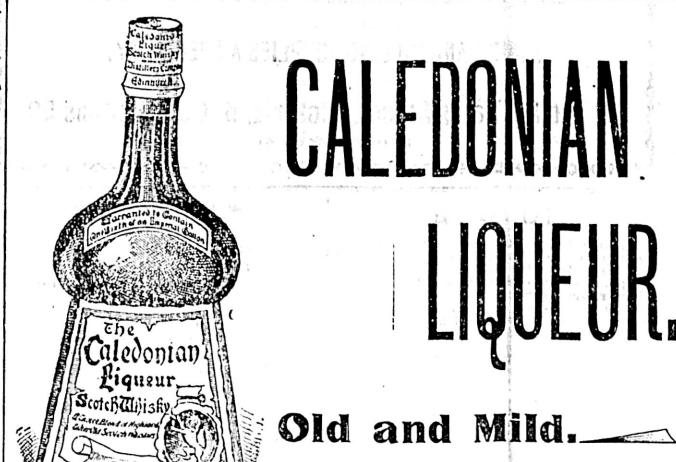
Incorporated by Special Act of Parliament, 1883.

Livery & Hack Stables

10, 21, 23 Broughton st., foot of Broad
STREETS.
HACKS, BAGGAGE WAGONS, TRUCKS
AND WISSES SUPPLIED AT ANY
HOUR OF THE DAY OR
NIGHT.

TELEPHONE CALL, 120.

ADVERTISE IN THE COLONIST



CALEDONIAN LIQUEUR.

Old and Mild.

R. P. RITHET & CO., Ltd.
PACIFIC COAST AGENTS.

Marine Insurance.

Insurance effected on merchandise or Treasure between Victoria, Vancouver and all Northern Ports, including Dawson City and Nome, at lowest Rates.

OFFICES REPRESENTED.

London & Provincial Marine & General Insurance Co. Ltd. of London, England.

London Assurance Corporation, London, England.

Western Assurance Company.

Swiss Marine Insurance Co.

La Fonciere Compagnie D'Assurances.

ROBERT WARD & CO., LIMITED.
General Agents for British Columbia.

Houde's
STRAIGHT CUT
Cigarettes
Manufactured by
B. HOODE & CO.
QUEBEC
ARE BETTER THAN
THE BEST.

Lime!
Lime!
Marble Bay Lime.
(Trade Mark)

IS ABSOLUTELY PURE.

The strongest and best lime on the market. Walls built with "Marble Bay Lime" will last twice as long as those made with inferior lime.

EVERY BARREL IS GUARANTEED.

EVERY BARREL BEARS OUR TRADE

MARK (Marble Bay Lime).

FIVE BARRELS OF "MARBLE BAY" LIME

BAND BEARDED, no further than six of

any other lime on the market.

OUR "PLASTERERS'" BRAND IS A

SPECIALLY SELECTED LIME FOR

PLASTERERS' USE—THERE IS NONE

SO GOOD.

FOR SALE BY ALL DEALERS. Kept in

stock in Victoria by KINGHAM & CO.

Phone 697. 35 Fort Street.

Will sell or buy the following British Columbia Stocks on call or option at 3% of 1

per cent, per share:

CALL OR OPTION.

Mining Shares

J. F. FOULKES & CO.
Stock Brokers

Phone 697. 35 Fort Street.

Will sell or buy the following British Columbia Stocks on call or option at 3% of 1

per cent, per share:

PAYNE, CARIBOO, CAMP MCKINNEY,

NOBLE FIVE, VICTORIA.

YANADA.

This will give our clients an opportunity

to reap the advantage of the rise and fall

of the market by putting up a merely nominal amount.

Real Estate.

SIX roomed two story house, a bargain at

\$25; payable, \$50 cash and \$10 per month.

Interest on unpaid balance at 5 per cent,

to be included in the monthly payment.

Mining Shares

WATCH

Noble Five Shares.

Note to-day's price and price a month hence.

A. W. MORE & CO.

80 Government St., next Bank of Montreal.

Dr. S. M. Hartman

DENTIST.

Inventor of an apparatus for Cleft Palate Improved Dental Plate; none but first-class operations performed.

Class: His Government Street.

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Inventor

WE ARE ACKNOWLEDGED TO BE THE LEADING DISPENSERS IN THE CITY.
Our Drugs and Chemicals are the Purest the market affords. Prescriptions intrusted with us will have careful and prompt attention.

GEO. MORISON & CO., CHEMISTS and DRUGGISTS
Established 1862. 55 Government St.

News Comes Very Slowly

Wires to Pekin Have Apparently Been Cut By the Chinese.

Admiral Bruce States That Sacred City Was Entered on Friday.

LONDON, Aug. 21.—The following has been received from Rear-Admiral Bruce:

Taku, Aug. 19.—The allies are reported to have entered the Sacred City of Pekin on August 17.

Shanghai, Aug. 21.—The foreign officials here learn that the telegraph from Tien Tsin has been cut. The position of the allies is uncertain, and a large body of Chinese troops has taken the field.

Yuan Shih Kai, governor of Shan Tung, is dead.

Tien Tsin, Aug. 16.—About 5,000 Chinese troops, who are reported to have been sent to Sing Liu Chung, left to-day for Pekin. Two thousand more Chinese have gone towards Tung Chow.

Washington, Aug. 21.—The state department makes public a cablegram received last night from Minister Conger: "United States Legation, Pekin (undated), via Chee Foo, Aug. 20.—To Secretary of State, Washington: Saved; relief arrived to-day. Entered the city with little trouble. Do not yet know where the imperial family is. Except the deaths already reported, all Americans are alive and well. Desperate efforts were made last night to exterminate us. Mitchell, an American soldier, a Russian and Japanese were wounded, and a German killed. (Signed) Conger, By Fowler, Chee Foo."

The government has received positive confirmation from official Chinese sources of the departure of the Emperor and Empress Dowager westward from Pekin. Where they are now is not stated.

The cabinet to-day decided to reject the latest appeal from Li Hung Chang for a cessation of hostilities. The reply will be communicated at once to the Chinese government, with a statement of the reasons for the action of the government.

The rejection is based on the non-compliance of the Chinese government with the specific provisions of the declaration of the United States under date of August 12.

ASSESSMENT COMMISSION.

Knotty Questions Which Have to Be Wrestled With in Ontario.

TORONTO, Aug. 21.—The Ontario government has appointed a commission to enquire into assessment, as follows: Justice MacLellan, of the Court of Appeals; Justice McMahon, of the Queen's Bench; Division of the High Court; J. Mackay, of St. Thomas, editor of the Municipal World; D. P. Wilkie, general manager of the Imperial Bank; Thos. H. McPherson, M.P., Hamilton; Abraham Pratt, assessment commissioner, Ottawa; Major M. P. Butler, Nanapone, civil engineer.

The points the commissioners will have to consider are not matters regarding which the general farming community are much interested. These are difficult and irritating questions, resulting from all the new clauses of corporations which have come into existence since the old assessment law was passed, and which the provisions of the old assessment law were not framed to meet or provide for. Corporations largely concerned are electric concerns, street railways, telephone companies and department stores also come within the scope of the investigation.

NEEDS MONEY.

Russia Negotiating to Raise a Large Loan.

LONDON, Aug. 22.—It is reported in Odessa, according to a despatch to the Daily Express, that in consequence of the strain upon Russia's financial resources, owing to the Chinese campaign, a specially accredited representative of the Russian minister of finance, Mr. DeWitt, has concluded, or is about to conclude, an arrangement with a syndicate of all the great insurance companies in the United States, for a loan of 300,000,000 roubles.

ONTARIO RIFLE MATCHES.

They Open With More Competitors Than Last Year.

TORONTO, Aug. 21.—The 31st annual meeting of the Ontario Rifle Association opened this morning at Long Branch under excellent and favorable conditions. There are three hundred competitors, forty more than last year.

Pain Killer—the best, safest and surest remedy for cramps, colic and diarrhoea. As a liniment for sprains and sprains it is unequalled. Avoid substitutes. There's but one Pain-Killer, Perry Davis', 25c. and 50c.

THE FIRST CONTINGENT.
Col. Otter asks if they are to be engaged for a longer period.

Ottawa, Aug. 21.—Cadets McLaren and Myles, of the Royal Military College, have been granted commissions in the British army and are to report for duty immediately.

Col. Otter asks if he is to engage the men of the first contingent for a further period of service, as the year will be up before they can return to Canada.

Over 12,000 Fenian raid medals have been given out.

STRIKE SETTLED.

Work Renewed at Marseilles Harbor.

Marseilles, Aug. 21.—The strike of firemen and sailors which began here about ten days ago, came to an end this morning. Work will be renewed on all steamship lines to-morrow.

The Smelter Blown In

(Continued From First Page.)

For the present it will go to some Eastern refinery. This shipping matte, after having been cooled, will be crushed by a 7x10 Blake crusher, which will be placed in one corner of the furnace building on the furnace floor. This crushed matte will be raised by an ordinary cup elevator to a special matte sampler. This matte can be sampled automatically or by hand. The lower part contains four bins, holding about one car of matte, and it will contain the matte after it shall have been sampled.

Then the works are enlarged, it is proposed to put in a matte-converting plant complete, and to ship converted copper. A roasting plant will also be installed. For the present 50 per cent. of the ore will be roasted in piles. This process, however, does not apply to the ores of the Knob Hill, Old Ironsides and Victoria mines, controlled by the Miner-Graves syndicate.

The works also contain a carpenter shop, machine and blacksmith shop. There is a well-equipped assay office in charge of W. A. Williams.

The work of construction was directed by the superintendent, A. B. W. Hodges, the well-known metallurgist. He has been connected with the smelting industry since 1886. His first position was that of assistant superintendent of the Philadelphia Smelting & Refining Co. at Pueblo, Col. From there he went to Socorro, N. M., to take charge of the Rio Grande Smelting Works, belonging to the National Lead Co. Later he became superintendent of the Compania Metallurgica Mexicana at San Luis Potosi, Mexico. Next he accepted the management of the St. Louis Smelting & Refining Works, at St. Louis, owned by the National Lead Co., and subsequently promoted to the management of the National Lead Co., in New York. In addition to this experience, Mr. Hodges has done much valuable special work.

The general manager of the Granby Consolidated Mining & Smelting Co. is Jay P. Graves, who has taken a prominent part in the development of the mineral resources of the Boundary district. The assistant general manager is A. C. Flumerfelt, formerly of Victoria, B. C.

The associated mining companies controlled by the so-called Miner-Graves syndicate, and which will ship ore to the smelter, include the Knob Hill, Old Ironsides, Victoria, Grey Eagle, R. Bell, City of Paris and Majestic. The value of the ore above the tunnel level of the Knob Hill, according to the estimate of W. Yolen Williams, the general superintendent, is \$11,400,000. The Old Ironsides is equally well developed. Thus it will be seen that there is no question about our resources for years to come. Mr. Graves is also the general manager of all these mining companies, his assistant being Mr. Flumerfelt. The president of all these companies is S. C. H. Miner, of Granby, Quebec. Mr. Miner is a well-known Eastern financier and manufacturer.

It is proposed to do custom work, but the ores of the syndicate will have the preference. It is authoritatively stated that the treatment rate for custom work will not exceed \$5.50 per ton, and the figure in many instances is almost certain to be considerably less.

Montreal, Aug. 21.—A joint committee representing the conductors and trainmen of the Ontario and Quebec division of the C. P. R. met Mr. McNeill, general manager, to-day and asked for an increase of wages. Mr. McNeill said he could not see his way clear to grant the increase. The international officers of the employees will interview him.

"Every Cloud Has a Silver Lining."

The clouds of bad blood enveloping humanity have a silver lining in the shape of a specific to remove them. It is Hood's Sarsaparilla, America's Greatest Medicine, which drives out all impurities from the blood, of either sex or any age.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Never Disappoints

IMPORTATION OF SONG BIRDS

Subject Discussed at the Meeting of the Natural History Society.

At a largely attended meeting of the Natural History Society held on Monday night, a most interesting and valuable discussion was engaged in upon the proposed importation of song birds, when both sides of the question were ably dealt with.

Mr. Anderson, deputy minister of agriculture, stated that in 1897 a circular had been drawn up by a committee appointed by the Natural History Society containing a list of song birds then thought suitable for importation; this circular had been sent to many amongst others being the Fruit Growers' Association; and that funds to the amount of \$85 in cash had been subscribed for the purpose, and subscriptions promised for over \$200. He also stated that the Fruit Growers at their meeting raised certain objections to the birds included in that circular, and that these objections prevented further action at that time. He, however, thought their objections were unfounded, and that the scourge of cut worms now prevailing throughout this province was a certain extent owing to the lack of bird life, and recommended that the question of the importation of birds be taken up by the society again.

Mr. Palmer, Inspector of fruit pests, explained the position of the Fruit Growers of the province, with regard to this question. Sir Henry Joly briefly stated that he had heard that while many of the song birds mentioned in the circular were not objected to, there were others, such as the starling, black thrush and Banet that distinctly came under the head of fruit pests.

The halibut ship New England has returned from her first trip to the halibut banks, with a cargo of 75,000 pounds of fish, caught in two days' actual fishing.

Vancouver is experiencing a new sensation in the burglary line. On Saturday last, as Mrs. Craigie, of Mount Pleasant, was standing in the shadow of her door, she was surprised at seeing a tall young woman approach the house on tip-toe, remove her shoes and slip around to the rear of the house. Mrs. Craigie seized the woman and went through the house to the kitchen, in time to see the woman, now wearing a veil, entering the open kitchen door. Mrs. Craigie gave chase, but the veiled female escaped.

The council are to memorialize the Governor-General on his return from the north, "setting forth the necessity of a branch of the Imperial mint being established in Vancouver." The Dominion government is also to be asked to put a small export duty on gold dust, the miners may be induced to dispose of their gold in Vancouver.

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Vancouver Tournament

Victoria's Tennis Players Holding Their Own at Terminal City.

Cycling Club to Have Another of Their Runs This Evening.

Vancouver, Aug. 21.—(Special)—There was another day of good sport at the lawn tennis grounds to-day. The weather was rather too warm, but the attendance was large and the different games keenly contested.

In the mixed doubles Mrs. Creery and F. G. Crickmay beat Bulkley Johnson and partner, by default; Miss Goward and Alexia Martin beat Mrs. Crow Baker and B. P. Schwengers, 0-0, 6-2. In the gentlemen's singles Hunter beat Cambie, 6-3, 6-0; Lampman beat Horne, 6-3, 5-7, 6-1; Beecher beat Stade, 6-3, 6-3; Creery beat Davidson, 6-1, 6-0. In the ladies' doubles Miss Green and Miss Twigg beat Mrs. Ballard and Miss Lishman, 6-1, 6-2; Mrs. Creery and Miss Hubbard beat Mrs. McLean and Miss Murray, 6-3, 6-1; Mrs. Proctor and Mrs. Hall beat Miss Humphrey and Miss Bauer, 1-6, 8-6, 6-2. In the gentlemen's singles, Lampman, Gordon and Curry beat Ballard and McLean, 6-0, 6-3; Beecher and Averill beat Farquhar and Horne, 4-6, 6-4, 6-1; Cambie and Brimacombe beat Cornwall and Playfair, 6-3, 6-2; Crickmay beat Williams, 6-2, 7-5; Livingston beat Stevens, 6-4, 6-1; Thayne beat Curry, 6-0, 6-2; Cambie beat Horne, by default; Slade beat Plunkett, 6-4, 9-7; Lampman beat Steepe, 6-4, 7-5; Schwengers beat Byron Johnson, 6-1, 6-3; Martin beat Gordon, 6-1, 6-1.

THE OAR.

At investigation.

Vancouver, Aug. 21.—Hackett, of Seattle, defeated by "Bob" Johnson in the recent race for the Pacific Coast championship, left the city to-day. The accusation made by certain Vancouver citizens that the race was sold, was investigated by referee J. R. Russell, to-day. At this investigation an affidavit was produced from Hackett stating that he had allowed Johnson to win the race with the understanding that certain sums were to be divided by certain saloon keepers in Vancouver, Johnson and himself; that the stake money was a blind; that he rowed to lose; that the race was fixed before he left Seattle, and that if further evidence was required that he would produce letters to prove his statements. Referee Russell asked W. Quinn, stakeholder, and Johnson what they had to say. They both answered that they would say nothing until Hackett's alleged letters were produced. Mr. Russell then gave those protesting the race three days to produce the letters.

Annual Regatta.

At a meeting of the board of management of the James Bay Athletic Association held last evening the following gentlemen were appointed on the reception board: H. Dallas, Helmick, Q.C., M.P.P.; J. Stuart Yates, H. F. Langton, K. Jones, D. R. Ker, S. Seay, Jr., H. Moore, H. M. Grahame, W. Moresby, A. J. Dallain.

The officials are: J. Stuart Yates, referee; J. M. Langley, starter; E. E. Billingsbury, and Capt. Royds, judges.

THE WHEEL.

To-Night's Run.

The Capital City Cycling Club will hold another of their club runs to-night, leaving the Bank of Montreal corner on Government street at 7 o'clock sharp for Mount Baker hotel, Oak Bay, by way of Belleville street, Catherine street, Beacon Hill Park, and the beach. It is hoped that all ladies and gentlemen interested in wheeling will join in the run, and as many as possible have lamps or lanterns on their wheels. An excellent programme for the open air concert on the verandah of the hotel has been arranged and will commence at 8:45 sharp.

The Oak Bay track is being placed in good condition under the management of the club for the meet to be held there on Saturday, Sept. 1st, so that there will be no excuse for any rider who is able, to lower records doing so, in as far as the track is concerned. The cards printed by the Colonist in club colors, giving the particulars of the meet will be circulated to-day.

BASEBALL.

Lawyers Practicing.

In anticipation of the proposed baseball match with the Vancouver lawyers, the younger members of the local bar are filling in the closing days of the long vacation with daily practice on the diamond. The game has not been definitely fixed as yet, but J. H. Senkler, from Vancouver, who has been attending the sessions of the private bars committee, promises that an answer will be given at the earliest opportunity. Mr. Senkler is very enthusiastic over the match, but states that the Vancouver lawyers have not sufficient players to make up a nine, and will have to fill up with bankers and merchants. Judging from the numerous candidates for the legal team, there will be some difficulty in making the final selections. Frank Higgins is practicing steadily, with the intention of recording a win on the initial bag. Rogers is drafting papers for a pre-emption on second, and George E. Powell, under the terms of a modus vivendi, is being permitted to crisis with a delamination not exceeding thirty feet on either side of the median line between second and third. A. J. Ainsworth is about to foreclose a mortgage on third. W. Moresby has filed an adverse claim against Frank Higgins for possession of first base. The latter bases his title on priority, and it is asserted that he has some ancient documents proving his title. Moresby, on the other hand, contends that Higgins is merely a tenant by sufferance, and that he will oust him, relying on his descent, dating back to the days on the Fraser. The matter will come up before Judge S. Perry Miller for final adjudication, though no day has been set for argument. E. A. Powell, Deputy Attorney-General, McLean, H. Austin and E. E. Wootton are anxious to appear for the out-field positions, and it is certain that they will not be parties to any judgment against them by default. Although Judge P. S. Lampman does not propose to be among the first to sit on the bench, he will summarily dispose of any trespass in his jurisdiction in right field. The legal battle will be composed of S. D. Schultz and Alexia Martin. The former pitched his last game against Vancouver about four years back, and his motions should go a long way in having struck out, who take exceptions to his cogent delivery. Alexia Martin, who will assume the negative side of the battery, may be detected upon summarily causing the arrest of any claim jumper seen under suspicious circumstances in the vicinity of second base.

Most everyone who has whiskey for sale commences his virtues wth Jesse Moore "A" whiskey.

TYEE COPPER CO.

The Shareholders Very Pleased With the General Outlook.

The statutory meeting of the Tyee Copper Company, Ltd., was held on July 27th, in London, Eng., Mr. T. H. Wilson, the chairman of the company presiding.

The chairman said: "Gentlemen:—The business to-day is purely formal, there being no resolutions or statements of accounts to vote upon; doubtless this fact, coupled with the tropical state of the weather will account for the spare attendance. I beg to tender my own and my brother directors' thanks to all present, doubtless at some inconvenience. The company was registered at Somerset House on the 4th of April with a capital of £120,000, of which £100,000 has at present been issued and £20,000 are held in reserve. Owing to the state of the money market and the entire lack of speculation on the part of the public and others, it was decided to apply to friends of the board and those association with them in order to raise the necessary working capital, £20,000. The subscription list was opened on the 18th of April, and by the 24th of May the whole of the working capital was subscribed. This was a matter of surprise to many, and of congratulation on the part of all concerned. I may here state that there are 204 names on the register of members. On account of the method of raising the working capital it was unnecessary to launch out into the usual expense of advertising, which in many instances amounts to thousands of pounds, but in our case only reached the modest sum of £121,23; indeed, the total cost of flotation, including stamp duty, solicitors' and other fees, came to less than £1,485. Mr. Pellew-Harvey, our engineer, left on the 17th of May for Vancouver, and Mr. Clement Livingston, our general manager, who resides at the mine, left a fort night later. Both gentlemen arrived at the other end, and report that the prospects at the mine look brighter than ever; the reasons being that the improvements on the adjoining claims show that we are on the tail of an immense body of good ore. If further evidence were required that we have the main lode running through our whole property it is to be found in the rich yellow copper ore which has been struck on the "Magic Fraction" to the east; while they are shipping very rich ore at the rate of about 50 tons a day. Some little delay is taking place in the transfer of the properties to the company in Vancouver Island, owing to the difficulty of obtaining the signature of the owner of the "Magic Fraction" claim, he having gone on a surveying expedition to a distant part of the mainland. The company has, however, been licensed to carry on its operations in British Columbia. The machinery, which was ordered in April, is on its way, and will shortly be at the mines. Messrs. Harvey and Livingston are making every preparation so as to expedite its being got to work. Cash has been remitted to the company's credit in Victoria, British Columbia, so as to pay for the first installment of this machinery, the final installation to be due when it is erected and working satisfactorily. The board expect to make the next 50 or 55 per cent. In the early part of October on payment of which certificates of shares will be had an application at the offices of the company; they will make application to the Stock Exchange committee for a special settlement. The final claim they anticipate will be in January, 1901. Interim reports will be sent to the shareholders as development proceeds. It is expected that by the end of April, 1901, they will be in a position to state the true value of the mine down to the 400 foot level, and, if the results fulfil expectations, they will then issue the balance of shares. The money obtained will be used in erecting a smelter capable of operating upon 100 tons of ore per day, and the balance in further development work etc. The gentlemen appointed to superintend the work at the mine are both of great capability and integrity. Mr. Livingston, our general manager and local director, is also one of the largest shareholders. Mr. Pellew-Harvey, though not a shareholder, has a reputation in British Columbia second to none. Both gentlemen have the full confidence of the board, and will act in all matters for the interest of the company. Their directors are amongst the largest shareholders. It is therefore to their interests, and will act as a guarantee that the affairs of the company will have their unceasing attention. I trust that at our next meeting we will deserve and receive your approbation. (Applause.) We have just received a newspaper from Mr. Livingston, from which I will read an advertisement, showing that the place is going ahead. It is as follows: "Mount Sticker Townsite. The future Rossland of Vancouver Island. The Mount Sticker Company have decided to place their townsite on the market for sale. For the next three days we will sell corner lots at \$75 and inside lots at \$50. Terms one third cash, one third in three months, one third in six months, and to the first ten purchasers who will erect buildings on their lots, we will make a reduction of 50 per cent. in price of lots. The townsite adjoins the Leona mine"—that is, the mine adjoining ours—"which is shipping 50 tons of ore daily. This is a chance for investment, and not to be missed." That is all I have to say to-day, and I think everything is most promising. (Applause.)

Mr. Tait asked when the meeting of the Tyee Syndicate was likely to take place.

The chairman replied that the meeting of the syndicate would take place immediately the transfers were completed. As he had explained, one gentleman was on a surveying expedition, which had somewhat delayed matters.

A vote of thanks to the chairman closed a unanimous meeting representing shareholders, very confident as to the future of their Mount Sticker property.

Why don't you try Carter's Little Liver pills? They are a positive cure for sick headache, and all the ills produced by disordered liver. Only one pill a dose.

PERSONAL.

W. Sloan, of Nanaimo, is a guest at the Oriental, on the other hand, contends that Higgins is merely a tenant by sufferance, and that he will oust him, relying on his descent, dating back to the days on the Fraser. The matter will come up before Judge S. Perry Miller for final adjudication, though no day has been set for argument. E. A. Powell, Deputy Attorney-General, McLean, H. Austin and E. E. Wootton are anxious to appear for the out-field positions, and it is certain that they will not be parties to any judgment against them by default. Although Judge P. S. Lampman does not propose to be among the first to sit on the bench, he will summarily dispose of any trespass in his jurisdiction in right field. The legal battle will be composed of S. D. Schultz and Alexia Martin. The former pitched his last game against Vancouver about four years back, and his motions should go a long way in having struck out, who take exceptions to his cogent delivery. Alexia Martin, who will assume the negative side of the battery, may be detected upon summarily causing the arrest of any claim jumper seen under suspicious circumstances in the vicinity of second base.

Most everyone who has whiskey for sale commences his virtues wth Jesse Moore "A" whiskey.

MUNYON HAS A CURE FOR EACH DISEASE

With Munyon's Improved Homeopathic Remedies in the House, Mothers Can Become the Family Physician.

Professor Munyon is honored to-day as the leading authority in the medical world, and new and improved medical treatment have swept away all the old-fashioned ideas of doctoring with poisonous drugs that create a dozen diseases in the effort to get rid of one. He does not claim that he has entirely done away all such complaints, but that he has prepared a cure for nearly every disease. He does not claim that Munyon's Rheumatism Cure can cure all diseases, but it cures all other complaint, but he does claim that it will cure rheumatism. Munyon's Dyspepsia Cure is prepared expressly to cure dyspepsia; Munyon's Cough Cure to cure cough; Munyon's Kidney Cure to cure kidney troubles. The same may be said of all Munyon's different remedies. They may be obtained at all drug stores, retail at 25¢ a bottle.

Personal letters to Prof. Munyon, 1506 Arch st., Philadelphia, Pa., U.S.A., answer ed with free medical advice for any disease

DEBENTURES FOR SALE

The City of Nelson, British Columbia, has authorized the issue of debentures for the following purposes:

\$15,000 for extending the Water-Works System.

\$15,000 for extending the Electric Light System.

\$20,000 for extending the Sewer System.

\$20,000 for Street Improvements.

\$6,000 for a Road Making Plant.

These debentures are dated October 1st, 1900, run for twenty years, bear four per cent. interest payable semi-annually, and will be issued in denominations of one thousand dollars. Interest and principal payable at the Bank of Montreal, Nelson, with a small value of real estate in Nelson is \$127,000, and of personal property, \$31,000, total, \$205,000. The popular rate of 6 per cent. Tenders for these debentures will be received by the undersigned up to 12 o'clock noon, of Saturday, September 15th, 1900. JOHN HOUSTON, Mayor, Nelson, B. C., July 24, 1900.

These debentures are dated October 1st, 1900, run for twenty years, bear four per cent. interest payable semi-annually, and will be issued in denominations of one thousand dollars. Interest and principal payable at the Bank of Montreal, Nelson, with a small value of real estate in Nelson is \$127,000, and of personal property, \$31,000, total, \$205,000. The popular rate of 6 per cent. Tenders for these debentures will be received by the undersigned up to 12 o'clock noon, of Saturday, September 15th, 1900. JOHN HOUSTON, Mayor, Nelson, B. C., July 24, 1900.

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The Colonist.

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 22, 1900.

Published by

The Colonist Printing & Publishing Co.,
Limited Liability.
No. 57 Broad Street Victoria, B.C.
Percival R. Brown, Manager.

THE DAILY COLONIST.

Delivered by Carrier at 20c. per week, or
mailed postpaid to any part of Canada (ex-
cept the city) and United States at follow-
ing rates:One year \$6.00
Six months 8.00

THE SEMI-WEEKLY COLONIST.

One year \$1.50
Six months 75
Three months 40
Post paid to any part of Canada and
the United States.

TERMS STRICTLY IN ADVANCE.

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.

All new advertisements and changes of
advertising to ensure their being inserted
should be handed in to the business office
not later than 6 p.m. Advertising will be
accepted after 6 p.m. in the business office,
but insertion cannot be guaranteed.
For urgent advertising after 8 p.m., con-
sult the night editor.

THE CANADA NORTHERN.

The Canada Northern railway is about 800 miles long, and has branches aggregating about 120 miles. It is expected, says a prospectus just issued, that 200 more miles will be ready for traffic this year. The eastern terminus of the line is at Port Arthur, on Lake Superior; the present western terminus is a little west of Cedar Lake, on the Saskatchewan river. Thus the Great Lakes are connected by this railway with the great internal river system of the Dominion, and a vast and valuable area is opened by a first-class transportation line. The new region lies to the north of the Canadian Pacific, and so enormous is the arable area of the Territories that there is ample scope for two transcontinental lines.

But what is of greater interest to the people of British Columbia, than the movements of this railway company in the East, is the statement, which is made on what seems to be indubitable authority, that Messrs. Mackenzie & Mann, who are virtually the company, have put up a deposit as a guarantee for the immediate construction of the line from Edmonton towards the Yellow Head Pass. This road is built under a charter acquired some years ago by William Pugsley and his associates, and afterwards transferred to a syndicate at the head of which was George McAvity, of St. John, and was by the latter handed over to Messrs. Mackenzie & Mann. The object of this charter is to construct a line to the Pacific Coast. We do not understand that the last named firm have as yet given any guarantee that they will build to the Coast, but the beginning of work can only be construed as meaning that. It is understood at Edmonton that they propose building through the mountains forthwith, and that in addition to coming to the Coast they intend to build a line to the Yukon.

VICTORIA AT OTTAWA.

The Conservative party of this district will shortly choose two gentlemen as candidates at the ensuing election for the House of Commons. During the last three parliaments the electoral district of Victoria has been represented by Messrs. Prior and Earle, two gentlemen long resident in the city and most favorably known. They have influence and high standing at the Capital, and have shown that even in opposition they are able to give their constituency and province good service. How much more will they be able to do in the event of a Conservative triumph! Other names have been mentioned in connection with the Conservative nomination, but we submit that our present representatives are willing to carry the standard of the party once more, they not only should be permitted to do so, but the party ought to feel under a debt of obligation to them. They have taken an excellent place among the members of the house. Col. Prior has developed into one of the most effective debaters and is regarded on all sides as certain of a cabinet position when the Conservatives are returned to power. Mr. Earle does not take so active a part in the debates. On the contrary, he may almost be classed among the silent members of the house; but he is recognized on all hands as a most capable representative. He has done excellent work in committee, and the reports of the proceedings on supply show that, though he does not make long speeches, what he says is to the point and that he has the ear of the house. The Colonist does not wish to forestall the action of the convention, but it expresses its profound conviction when it says that the Conservatives, from a party point of view, cannot do better than place Messrs. Prior and Earle in the field again. They are, we believe, by all odds the strongest men that can be named. From the personal standpoint, it may be fairly urged that representatives who have done their duty by their party and by their constituency have the first right to nomination, if they are willing to accept it. From the broader standpoint, namely, that of the province, there are no persons whom the Conservatives or any political party can nominate in Victoria, who are better fitted than those gentlemen to represent Victoria in the House of Commons.

CHANCES TO MAKE MONEY.

The Colonist has been told of a man and his wife, who, having come to Victoria with the desire of living under the

Balmoral Block
DOUGLAS ST.
Forty handsomely furnished rooms,
on suite or single, baths.
Mrs. F. B. Williams, Prop.

British flag, looked around for something at which to make a living. They noticed a place where there were a lot of campers, and the thought occurred to them that if they procured piece of land in that neighborhood and catered for the campers' trade next season they would do very well. They have accordingly done so. This chance, which is undoubtedly a good one, has been lying open for years, and it is reasonably certain that the existence, in the neighborhood of a favorite camping ground, of a farm which will lay itself out to supply the wants of the campers will add to the popularity of the spot. This little incident has suggested the thought that there must be many ways of making money around Victoria that are not utilized. At the present price of eggs there ought surely to be money in chicken raising, and poultry always commands a price that will yield a good profit. There is a man in this city who made \$140 in a year from 70 hens, and he had to buy all the feed. There are people who will tell you that it does not pay to raise poultry in this country. A few years ago it used to be said in the state of Washington that it did not pay to make butter there, for the grasses were too soft and the milk was deficient in butter fats. The nonsense of this claim has been exploded long ago, as scores of profitable creameries prove. Any man who has kept a cow in Victoria knows that butter can be made here just as well as anywhere else in the world, that is if his cow was ray good. Yet we import most of our butter.

We have an idea that a very large number of our people, who are dependent upon the cultivation of the soil, do not look at their occupation from a business point of view. If a merchant allowed half his capital to remain idle, if he kept poor goods, if he delivered his customers, if he did not look after the cost of what he sold, he would be bankrupt in a short time. Many men who depend upon the soil for a living do these very things. They do not keep the best kind of cattle, they do not thoroughly farm all their land, they do not utilize every means within their reach of making money. This is the same as if a merchant kept poor stock and endeavored to deceive his customers about it. They have very little idea what it costs to raise anything for the market, and hence do not know what they are doing really pays. Farming is a business. As a matter of fact, it is one of the most difficult and complicated of all businesses. When carried on in a business-like way it almost invariably pays. A milkman once said he would make money if so many of his cows were not dry. Why should a milkman keep dry cows? Another, who did make money, said that he never kept cows that were dry, but always had them fit for the butcher and turned them off as soon as it did not pay to milk them, and bought others. He said this paid better than any other plan. Asked if it did not pay to raise calves from good milkers, he replied that he did not find it so. "My business is selling milk," he said, "and all I want is cows that will give most milk for their feed." This man conducted his business on business principles."

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The Conservative party of this district will shortly choose two gentlemen as candidates at the ensuing election for the House of Commons. During the last three parliaments the electoral district of Victoria has been represented by Messrs. Prior and Earle, two gentlemen long resident in the city and most favorably known. They have influence and high standing at the Capital, and have shown that even in opposition they are able to give their constituency and province good service. How much more will they be able to do in the event of a Conservative triumph! Other names have been mentioned in connection with the Conservative nomination, but we submit that our present representatives are willing to carry the standard of the party once more, they not only should be permitted to do so, but the party ought to feel under a debt of obligation to them. They have taken an excellent place among the members of the house. Col. Prior has developed into one of the most effective debaters and is regarded on all sides as certain of a cabinet position when the Conservatives are returned to power. Mr. Earle does not take so active a part in the debates. On the contrary, he may almost be classed among the silent members of the house; but he is recognized on all hands as a most capable representative. He has done excellent work in committee, and the reports of the proceedings on supply show that, though he does not make long speeches, what he says is to the point and that he has the ear of the house. The Colonist does not wish to forestall the action of the convention, but it expresses its profound conviction when it says that the Conservatives, from a party point of view, cannot do better than place Messrs. Prior and Earle in the field again. They are, we believe, by all odds the strongest men that can be named. From the personal standpoint, it may be fairly urged that representatives who have done their duty by their party and by their constituency have the first right to nomination, if they are willing to accept it. From the broader standpoint, namely, that of the province, there are no persons whom the Conservatives or any political party can nominate in Victoria, who are better fitted than those gentlemen to represent Victoria in the House of Commons.

Dewet is a daisy. If he does nothing before the end of the war to dim the lustre of his achievements, his name will go down in history among those of the most dazzling military leaders. Of course one cannot tell what he would accomplish with a regular force, but he seems to have a positive genius for leadership. After the war is over Dewet ought to be offered command of some portion of Her Majesty's troops. So gallant and resourceful an enemy would make a valuable friend.

PRESS COMMENT.

A "DEAR" FRIEND.

Mr. Fielding's dear old friend, the Standard Oil Octopus, is doing very well, thank you. It has already paid 38 per cent. on its capital, largely water, for the year 1900, and expects to pay 10 per cent. more. In other words, it has made \$38,000,000 of profits in the first nine months of this current year, and is after more.

In Canada, since with Mr. Fielding's assistance, it has secured a monopoly of the oil business, it has increased the price of oil about ten cents a gallon, or say \$2,000,000 additional out of the pockets of Canadian oil users. This being a United States concern, it is not unnatural bleeding us Canadians somewhat worse than it does the citizens of the United States. And we must expect that it will continue to do so, so long as it has the assistance of the Canadian government in its monopolistic operations.

WHEN GRITS FALL OUT.

From Montreal Gazette.

There is one good thing about the interne strife in the Liberal party. While "new" Liberals are laying plans to keep the "old" Liberal representatives out of parliament, they are giving the Conservatives opportunity to strengthen their general attack.

Your sideboard at home is incomplete. It is not stocked with "Moore 'AA' whitekey."

SALES BY
THE CUTHBERT-BROWNE CO., LTD.WE WILL
Sell by Auction

in our salerooms, Langley Street, on an early date, on account of whom it may concern.

Desirable
FURNITURE AND EFFECTS

Particulars later.
THE CUTHBERT-BROWNE CO., LTD.

55 Superior St.
James Bay

We are favored with instructions to sell by auction on the above premises, the contents of the well furnished cottage.
Particulars later.
THE CUTHBERT-BROWNE CO., LTD.

Auction Sales

Conducted on the shortest notice. Cash advanced on FURNITURE, and Furnished Residences bought for cash. All business strictly confidential. Call, write or telephone. Offices, 15 Trounce Avenue, salerooms, 37 Langley street, telephone 633.

Capital City Cycling Club

VICTORIA, B.C.
Col. the Hon. E. G. Prior, M.P., Hon. Pres.

FIRST
Monster Race Meet
AND GRAND

Bicycle Carnival

Or the above club will be held on

Saturday, Sept. 1st.,

AT—
Oak Bay Park

Under the patronage and presence of Their Excellencies the Earl and Countess of Min-
ton, His Honor, Sir Henri Joly de Lotbiniere,
Admiral and Mrs. L. A. Beaumont and
His Worship the Mayor and Mrs. Hayward.

LIST OF EVENTS
will include

AMATEUR.

One mile novice; quarter mile open; one
mile open; paced; five miles, open; paced;
one mile C. C. C. championship; two mile
open; handicap; one mile boys.

PROFESSIONAL
(All Time Limit.)

One mile open; one mile handicap, quar-
ter mile exhibition; two miles, open; five miles,
open; one mile B. C. championship.

Races open to Officers of Her Majesty's
Naval and Land Forces, races open to non-
commissioned officers and men of all branc-
hes of H. M. service, obstacle races, etc.

AN AFTERNOON OF SPORT AND EN-
TERTAINMENT.

Fifth Regiment Band in Attendance.

The first race will be called at 2 p.m.
Admission, 25 cents, grand stand, 25
cents extra. Special arrangements for car-
riages.

For forms of entry and all information,
apply to

HERBERT CUTHBERT, President,
PERCY RICHARDSON, Hon. Secretary,
W.M. DEE, Hon. Secretary.

Aug. 1900.

DAVID BLAIR, Master.

MISS S. F. SMITH
A.T.C.M.

Certified pupil Toronto College of
Music, and gold medalist of H. M. Field,
Leipzig, Germany.

Will recommend classes in

PIANOFORTE PLAYING

THEORY OF MUSIC

Assisted by MISS M. M. SILL, a certi-
fied pupil of H. M. Field and Herr Tro-
fessor Krause, Leipzig, Germany.

For terms apply at studio, 67 FORT ST.,
between 1 and 6 p.m.

Fall term begins Wednesday, August 1st
1900.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RY

TIME TABLE NO. 36.

NORTHEBOUND.

DAILY. Sat. Sun.

Leave Victoria. 0:00 4:25 2:00

Arrive Goldstream 0:28 4:53 2:28

Arrive Shawnigan Lake 10:00 5:54 8:00

Arrive Duncan 10:48 6:15 8:47

Arrive Nanaimo 12:14 7:41 8:16

Arrive Wellington 12:35 7:55 8:30

The following rates will be in effect on Sundays only
until further advised.

Goldstream and Return, 50c; Children under 12, 25c.

Shawnigan Lake and Return, 75c; Children under 12, 40c

Duncans and Return, \$1.00; Children under 12, 50c.

The above rates are good to intermediate points.

For rates and all information apply at Company's Offices.

J. DUNSMUI., President.

GEO. L. COURTNEY,
Traffic Manager.

1900.

1900.

Provincial Exhibition

UNDER THE AUSPICES OF

The Royal Agricultural and Industrial
Society of B.C.

WILL BE HELD AT

NEW WESTMINSTER, B.C.

OCTOBER, 2, 3, 4, 5.

\$20,000 IN PRIZES \$20,000

OPEN TO THE WORLD.

A ROUND OF PLEASURE FOR FOUR WHOLE DAYS.

CHAMPIONSHIP LACROSSE, MANITOBA VS. WESTMINSTER.

Tug of War, Horse Races, Bicycle Races, Aquatics, Naval and Military Sports, Gym-

hama, Baseball, Football.

BAND TOURNAMENT.

Magnificent Illuminations, Grand Concerts, Etc. Evening, Special Attractions.

Monster excursions from all points at greatly reduced rates.

No Entrance Fee Charged For Exhibits.

EXECUTIVE—His Worship, Mayor Scott, T. J. Trapp, G. D. Brymner, W. J. Ma-

thers, C. G. Major, Ald. Reid, Ald. Sinclair, Ald. Adams, H. F. Anderson, A. Malins,

From St. John Sun.

Several government organs observe that

the Conservatives are in need of a leader.

The government is not in that unfortunate

Preventives and Cures.

Form a big item in the toilet of really careful and fastidious women in a climate like this. Our Buttermilk Toilet Lotion.

Should be in every home. It counteracts insects, & cures sunburn, skin sores and dandruff, 25 cents per bottle. We have other lotions, creams, powders, hair dressings, toilet waters, etc. We invite inspection.

CYRUS H. BOWES,
CHEMIST.

98 Government St. Near Yates St.

VICTORIA TIDES.

The zero of the accompanying scale corresponds to the average lowest yearly tide, and 18.6 feet above the sill of the Esquimalt Dry Dock.

By F. Napier Denison.

Wednesday, Aug. 22.	Thursday, Aug. 23.
Time.	Height above zero
7:00 a.m.	2.1 feet.
2:40 p.m.	8.1 feet.
7:30 p.m.	6.4 feet.
	8:10 p.m. 6.3 feet.

Furs Made and Renovated.

MANUFACTURE OF SEAL SKIN JACKETS A SPECIALTY. LATEST DESIGNS FROM LONDON AND AMERICA. CALL AND SEE OUR FASHION PLATES.

SOUPAL & CO., 34 Government Street.

FOR SALE

Quite a selection of First-Class Houses, Farms and Building Sites.

FOR RENT.

Several Well Furnished Hou from \$20 up.

Some particularly good houses and twages, unfurnished.

C. C. REVANS,
LAND AND INSURANCE AGENT,
84 GOVERNMENT STREET.

Local Agent for Dowsett, Knight & Co., Land Agents, London, Eng.

Hereafter all advertisements for Auction Sales will be found on pages 4 and 8.

Veterans to Meet.—All members of the Veterans' Association are requested to assemble at the drill hall on Thursday, at 8 p.m., for drill preparatory to taking part in the reception to His Excellency the Governor-General.

Burns Monument.—The park committee and City Engineer Topp yesterday afternoon selected a site for the Burns' memorial drinking fountain at Beacon Hill park. It will be erected on the triangle on the north side of the hill adjacent to the deer paddock. The site is a good one. The work of preparing a foundation for the monument will be proceeded with at once by Mr. John Mortimer.

Condemned Shacks.—Ald. Brydon has given notice that at the next regular meeting of the city council he will move that the row of wooden shacks belonging to the Todd estate, situated on Lots 442 and east half of Lot 443, on the corner of Government and Fisgard streets, be destroyed. The owners of the same had been granted 60 days in which to pull them down, but failed to do so.

Canine Carriage.—John Meston has just completed and turned over to the city a neat little vehicle intended for the accommodation of dogs whose presence may be required at the pound. A self-closing door and a wire cage will enable the mongrels to resist any temptation to "e'en-tail" the length of the drive before the pound is reached. The wagon was used for the first time yesterday.

Wants a Railway.—Ald. Williams will move at the meeting of the city council on Monday evening that consideration be given to the advisability of the city making a standing offer of an adequate sum to any railway company which will give Victoria transportation facilities. Ald. Williams is an enthusiast on the subject of railways, and thinks the time has arrived when the city should take some action looking to obtaining better connection.

Police Court.—The proceedings in the police court yesterday were of very little interest. H. McBurnie, charged with driving over one of the city bridges at a pace faster than a walk, was convicted and fined \$5. The information against William Carter, who was charged with having stolen a quantity of lumber from Daniel Adams, was withdrawn; and in the case of Fred. R. Forbes, who it is alleged stole a bicycle from a Chinaman, was remanded until this morning.

Companions of the Forest.—At the regular meeting of the Companions of the Forest on Thursday evening last, Mrs. Churton was appointed district deputy for British Columbia. Under the good and welfare of the order, Chief Companion Mr. D. G. Cox, on behalf of the Companions, presented Mr. Robinson with a handsome silver butter dish as a wedding present. Mr. Robinson was very much surprised, and made a suitable reply, thanking the members for their present. The society is going to hold one of their popular socials on September 7, of which there will be particulars later.

British Salmon Market.—The London Grocers' Gazette of July 28 says: "Salmon continues in good demand, and the market is firmer for all grades, especially for Alaska, which has advanced 6d. during the week. The packers on the Fraser river have advanced quotations, and it is stated, are declining to transact business except at full rates, and then only for limited quantities. The Aristides has arrived this week with 52,709 cases, but this quantity has been practically disposed of, and there is very little, if any, left in first hands. Appearances seem to indicate a dearth of supplies in the near future. Large sales have been made forward. The packing of Alaska has only just begun, and it is likely to be a good one, as usual. Demand for 1/2-lb. tins has fallen off, but there will be no reduction in price from the present limit."

TO CLEAR-Boys' Blouses and Cotton Suits, Straw and Linen Hats, Men's and Boys' Summer Coats, Trousers and Cricketing Pants, Children's Sailor Hats at Actual Cost for Cash.

S. REID CO., Ltd.
122 Govt St.

Great Cut

"Pretty late for buying a straw hat," you say? Well, that's the reason we have our service sale. And then you know, there are two months left for wearing straw hats, and you will save money, and get a nice head-dress at the same time. See these, anyway.

SEA & GOWEN,
Gents' Furnishers.

60 Douglas Street. I. O. O. F. Block.

Stoddart's Jewelry Store

63 YATES STREET.
ONE DOOR ABOVE BROAD STREET.

A STRONG NICKEL WATCH

Steampunk and set, full jewelled escapement, warranted 5 years, special reduced price.

\$2.50 AND \$3.00

The above is cheap at \$5.00. We have upwards of 500 on sale. Bankrupt stock bought for cash. Take advantage of this offer while it lasts.

CYRUS H. BOWES,
CHEMIST.

98 Government St. Near Yates St.

Should be in every home. It counteracts insects, &c., sunburn, skin sores and dandruff, 25 cents per bottle. We have other lotions, creams, powders, hair dressings, toilet waters, etc. We invite inspection.

Telephone orders will receive careful attention.

Erskine, Wall & Co.

A Fact

No Longer Questioned

Physicians and laymen alike now fully recognize the benefit of using cereal foods for breakfast.

Have you tried the following lines, all of which we keep, and numerous other lines?

CREAM OF WHEAT, very delicious.

RALSTON BREAKFAST FOOD,

ROLLER BARLEY,

GERMEEA.

Telephone orders will receive careful attention.

Erskine, Wall & Co.

Tel. 88. The Leading Grocers.



Mantels Tiles and Grates

A particularly fine assortment on hand. Call and inspect these art goods. Estimates cheerfully given.

AGENT FOR LUXFER PRISMS.

W. J. ANDERSON,

Langley street, cor. Courtenay.



GUNS AND AMMUNITION

As we have the largest and choicest stock in the province to select from.

JOHN BARNESLEY & CO.

115 Government St. Repairs BY SKILLED WORKMEN. Victoria, B. C.

nearly forty people, including their own orchestra.

On November 19 Daniel Frohman's three-act comedy, "At the White Horse Tavern," should do a good business, as it is an Eastern success and is highly spoken of by the critics. November 26, Belle Archer, last here with "Contented Woman," will be seen in her new play, the title of which has not been announced as yet.

Among the subsequent bookings already made for the season are: November 27, "Human Hearts"; December 3, "Shenandoah"; December 5, "Why Smith Left Home"; December 13 and 14, Frank Daniels' "The Amel"; December 19, "A Stranger in a Strange Land"; December 31 and January 1, the Frawley Company in "Secret Service" and "The Great Ruby"; January 3, Frederick Warde; January 11, "The Belle of New York"; January 21, "The Sorrows of Satan"; January 21, "Earnest Hogan"; February 8, "The Christian"; February 12, Richards & Pringle's Minstrels; February 13, "Way Down East," in which Jas. Grissner and Phoebe Davis will appear; February 25, "The Prisoner of Zenda"; February 28, "The Fakir of Hindostan"; March 20, "The White Sharp"; March 29, "The Little Minister"; April 3, "Natal Business in A Comedy Fair"; April 11, "Little Minister"; and April 12 and 13, Blanche Walsh. Others too are being booked daily. Thus it will be seen the coming season in Victoria theatres will be a most attractive one.

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INTERESTING NEWS FOR THE LADIES.

Mrs. E. Russell and Miss Russell were passengers last night on the Yosemite, returning from the East. These ladies come to take charge of the Westside new dressmaking department, and from the high reputation and great experience of Mrs. Russell, who was for a considerable time in charge of the dressmaking department of the great Peter Robinson, of Oxford street, London, England, a very successful business career for the Russells in the New Westside may be predicted. Mrs. Russell will be ready for business in a few days, of which further announcement will be given.

The Rossland Post Office—The department of public works at Ottawa is calling for tenders for the new Rossland post office building. Tenders are receivable up to September 10.

The Last Rites.—The funeral of the late Robert Irvine, a native of Scotland, aged 55 years, took place yesterday from the parlors of the B. C. Funeral & Furnishing Company. Messrs. J. Somers, J. Irvine, J. Deans, A. Glendinning, H. King and E. Carlow acted as pall-bearers.

Concert This Evening.—The band concert advertised to take place at the Dalhousie hotel last evening was indefinitely postponed. This evening at 8:30 the Fifth Regiment band will play in a stand erected for the purpose at the corner of Yates and Douglas streets, the programme being as follows:

March—A Company Bennett

Overture—Fra Diavolo Ather

Caprice—Heart Throbs Ellington

Popular Selection—The Hummer Mackie

Selection fr. Faust Gounod

Char. Dance—The Cocomutts Herman

Waltzes—La Serenata Jaxone

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God Save the Queen.

An Eventful Evening.—An open-air meeting was held by Eugene Brooks, leader of the Divine healers of this city, at the corner of Yates and Government streets last night, when Mr. Brooks discussed on the evils of being a member of a lodge, irrespective of kind. He did not have the talk all to himself, either, for there were a number in the crowd who resented his remarks concerning the lodges, and questions of all sorts and kinds were fired at him. At the conclusion of his speech, a gentleman in the crowd addressed those present and denied the truth of the statements of the faith healers' leader. Mr. Brooks, in the course of his remarks, stated that lodge practice was a relapse into the worship of the sun—or the worship of Baal. The man who entered a lodge turned their backs on God in so doing. The Odd Fellows denied this, and stated that all members of the Odd Fellows must state their belief in the existence of the Creator. Many and pertinent were the questions asked of Mr. Brooks, but few were answered. Complaints have been made to the police by the Electric Light Company of their choice of a meeting place in front of the company's offices.

Young Conservatives.—The young men of the Conservative party are not to be behind their seniors in their effort to make their numbers tell in the next Dominion general election. The probability of the nearness of the general election has roused the members of the Macdonald Club to a sense of duty as young Conservatives, and a meeting will therefore be held on Friday evening of this week to re-organize the Macdonald Club, and it is hoped that every young Conservative in the city will be present, especially those who have only recently arrived in the province.

Promotion Exams.—The exercise promotion examinations of the employees of the inland revenue department are being conducted by Rev. Dr. Campbell and Inspector Gill.

The ideal place for ladies to lunch and dine at is The Victoria Cafe, 51 Fort street, where a daintily served meal can be had. Six courses for 25 cents.

CUT WORMS

Chrysanthemum is sure death to this pest. Just the thing for spraying and sprinkling. A trial will prove this. At all drug stores.

SUNSHINE MAN'S CO.

Telephone 823.

Albion Iron Works Co., Ltd.

Are now offering their large variety of

STOVES and RANGES

At Wholesale Prices

Don't buy an Imported Stove when you can buy the Home-made Article for less money.

A call at their store-rooms on Store Street and Pembroke Street will convince you.

Plating in all its Branches is now Executed by Competent Workmen

E.G. PRIOR &amp

Our Saturday Bargain.

33 1-3 PER CENT.
DISCOUNT ON
PANTS.

On Saturday, August 25th.

We will sell any pair of Pants in the Store (Youths' or Men's) for just two-thirds of the regular price.

33 1-3 PER CENT.
DISCOUNT ON
PANTS.

All Prices are Marked In Plain Figures.

McCANDLESS BROS., 37 JOHNSON STREET.

Provincial Legislature

House Passes the Second Read
ing of Mr. Helmcken's
Labor Bill.

Good Deal of Committee Work
Accomplished—Mineral Act
Amendment.

The members worked hard at the legislature yesterday and accomplished a big day's work amongst the private and other bills. Chief of these was Mr. Helmcken's labor bill, which, after some debate, was given its second reading and handed over to the government for its further steps. Most of the debates were occasioned by the opposition, who attempted time and again to insert anti-Chinese or such like clauses of their own devising into the several bills; but as the government is now pressing a general bill to cover the matter, their efforts were generally in vain. Proceedings were varied by a visit from the Lieutenant-Governor, who gave assent to a couple of bills.

After that Rev. W. L. Clay had read the prayers, a petition from the miners at Lillooet was presented by Mr. A. W. Smith, requesting that cost of surveys be counted in as part value for assessment work.

Upon his motion regarding the Burnaby Small Holdings, Mr. Kidd spoke highly of the progress made in the reclaiming of these plots of land. It would be well, however, to have an occasional report upon the matter not only with a view of keeping the land holders up to the conditions of their lease, but of keeping this admirable system before the public. It might also thus lead to the opening up in a similar way of other sections of the public domain which were contiguous to the city of Vancouver.

After that the Hon. Mr. Wells had stated that the government would offer no objection to the motion, Mr. Tatlow spoke of the interest taken in the city of Vancouver in this system of land holding which he hoped would be so extended as to permit of many more townships being enabled to thus build up suburban homes for themselves. Mr. Brown then spoke of a rumor that he had several times heard to the effect that all the holders of these five acre lots were not fully performing the conditions of their agreement, which could not be a grave injustice to those who were fulfilling these clauses. Of course this could not be laid to the fault of the present government, but there was no doubt that such one had neglected their duty in the past, and that the matter should be looked into. The resolution was then passed.

Mr. Pooley, chairman of the railway committee, introduced the tenth report of that body, which favored the Grand Forks & Kettle River bill, amended by eliminating that portion of the railway between Cascade City and the city of Grand Forks, at the request of the promoters. The report was read and received.

On the second reading of the Tramway Act, Hon. Attorney-General pointed out that this was practically the re-enactment of the measure of 1894, which had been disallowed because of an anti-Chi-

nese clause. The bill was then read a second time.

The bills amending the Elections Act and the License Act were given their second reading. To the latter a section was further added providing for a \$200 tax per day on circuses and menageries holding their shows outside municipal areas, as had been done at Kamloops and elsewhere, thus hitherto escaping a license fee.

Upon the second reading of the committee on the Lands Registry bill the Attorney-General explained the clause to be added respecting registration of tax sale deeds, and the reading passed.

Hon. Mr. McBride, on the second reading of the amendments to the Mineral Act, explained that these provided for the issuing of a crown grant to the representatives of a deceased owner; also for penalty for mining without a free miner's certificate. The clause providing for advertising-out had been taken from the regulations in some of the States, where this means of dealing with delinquent co-owners had been found most successful. The issuing of the certificate of improvement was one of the most important of the provisions of the act.

Upon this the preparation of a crown grant depended, and so it should be closely guarded. To this end a section was also offered. The fee for a crown grant was also, it was proposed, to be amended from \$10 to \$25, while the costs of survey up to \$100 were to be counted in on the assessment work.

Mr. Curtis opposed the increasing of the miners' burdens, especially in its initial stages. This would be done by the increasing of the fee for a crown grant. He did not think that the advertising-out clause would work evenly in the case of co-owners who were behind in their contributions, and promised to offer some amendments to it when the proper time arrived. As it was also the bill, like the Canadian B.N.A. Act, which had indeed been taken as its model, contained certain clauses regarding aliens, and was being discussed in May and June last, the very months, in the English debates, Hon. Mr. Chamberlain had said:

"But the second principle which I ask the house to assent to and to which we have given application by certain amendments is that wherever the bill touches the interests of the Empire as a whole, or the interests of Her Majesty's subjects or of Her Majesty's possessions outside of Australia, the Imperial parliament occupies a position of trust which is not the desire of the Empire, and which I do not believe for a moment it is the desire of Australia, that it should fulfil in any perfunctory or formal manner."

Mr. Asquith also stated, "On the other hand, I entirely agree with the right hon. gentleman, that in this Imperial parliament are by the necessity of the case the ultimate custodians and trustees of Imperial interests, that it is duty of the Canadian government to be failing to the mandate which, as we are, however wide and authoritative may be the representations made to us from any part of the Empire, we are bound to interfere, and the carefully, too, in what he did, and in spite of the clamor of the bulldozing gentlemen, which say, he was not going to use his own judgment and the carefully, too, in what he did, and the carefully, too, in what he did, and in spite of the clamor of the bulldozing gentlemen, which say, he was not going to be rattled by them into any hasty or ill-considered suggestion." It was all very well to say that the bill brought down, but that there was any enactment that had not been introduced.

Mr. McBride concluded by hoping that this bill would prove an effective one, as there was no doubt but that it was much closer to the powers of this assembly than any enactment that had yet been introduced.

Mr. McBride—Oh, the other evening, however, I am willing to admit that the honorable gentleman hardly knew what he was saying the other day.

On Mr. Speaker calling his attention to the fact that this was hardly in order, the honorable gentleman gracely withdrew the objectionable remarks, and continuing, stated that the question was one which should be treated in a statesmanlike way.

A few days ago Mr. John C. Brown had named a few of the gentlemen on

the government side, calling on them to fulfil their election pledges to the people about this very matter. Now, personally, he was quite prepared to stand by every pledge that he had ever made, but he was going to use his own judgment and the carefully, too, in what he did, and in spite of the clamor of the bulldozing gentlemen, which say, he was not going to be rattled by them into any hasty or ill-considered suggestion." It was all very well to say that the bill brought down, but that there was any enactment that had not been introduced.

Mr. McBride—Well, what is it that you are going to do? You speak of broad and statesmanlike measures, but are you going to do anything at all?

Hon. Mr. McBride—Well, it was foreseen that the representations would be made both to the Dominion and Imperial authorities, in the hope that the needs of the province would be recognized. Besides this it was purposed to pass such acts from time to time as the difficult circumstances of the case would authorize. The government was giving the matter every consideration with a view to benefiting the condition of affairs, and not with the object of degrading it to the common level of party politics. He understood that a great many statements of various members had been taken down, and that typewritten copies were being sent about the country. This, he thought, was a dastardly proceeding.

Mr. Martin—Well, were you misinterpreted at all? Was there anything in it that you are ashamed of?

Hon. Mr. McBride—Then you type-wrote it did you?

Mr. McBride—Perhaps you're ashamed to admit that you sent out those typewritten reports to which no reply can be given. It seems to me a most back-handed course to take.

Mr. Curtis—I must again ask the hon. gentleman what the policy of the government upon this question of Asiatic labor and exclusion is. What are you going to do about it?

Hon. Mr. McBride—Well, I cannot supply the gentleman with faculties to understand the statements I have so clearly made.

Hon. Mr. McBride—Oh, I am not like the leader of the opposition. I have no doubt but that the member from Rossland has already made application to his

gentleman and his friends always posed as the friends of the poor man and that at great length, and yet in this very bill the inconsistency of his claim was quite apparent. In this very act he was found opposing the clause which allowed the poor man to save \$100 by having the cost of his survey applied to make up the amount of the assessment work.

Mr. Green thought that it was getting a little tiresome to hear the members of the opposition sing so much of their song of the working man. Of course they were his only friends. But the house was getting tired of hearing so much about it at their own lips. So far as he could see the provisions of the bill were in favor of the better administration of mining matters and were beneficial to the miner and prospector as well. The increase in the fee for a crown grant besides would necessarily affect the prospector. Most of the claims before they reach that stage are out of the prospector's hands, and if they were not their value would more than meet any objection that might be made on that score. He was glad to see the government doing all that they could to foster this most important industry.

This reading of the bill was then passed.

In moving the second reading of his bill respecting work done under franchises granted by private acts, Mr. Helmcken was glad to state that the measure had received the approval of the administration. During the recent campaign this had been one of the most vital questions, and he asked the house to note that the bill was very general in its scope, and while not striking especially at any particular class, undoubtedly affected the interests of the working classes generally. The subject had occasioned a most interesting debate in the Imperial House of Commons over the Australian act of union of the Commonwealth Bill. This bill, like the Canadian B.N.A. Act, which had indeed been taken as its model, contained certain clauses regarding aliens, and was being discussed in May and June last, the very months, in the English debates, Hon. Mr. Chamberlain had said:

"But the second principle which I ask the house to assent to and to which we have given application by certain amendments is that wherever the bill touches the interests of the Empire as a whole, or the interests of Her Majesty's subjects or of Her Majesty's possessions outside of Australia, the Imperial parliament occupies a position of trust which is not the desire of the Empire, and which I do not believe for a moment it is the desire of Australia, that it should fulfil in any perfunctory or formal manner."

Mr. Martin was much surprised at the bill. From the speech from the throne he had thought that the government considered the mining industry and law as in a deplorable state, and yet the amendments offered had been of quite an ordinary sort. He noticed that none of the principles of the mineral legislation of the province were being interfered with, and yet it was generally hinted that some one had things become their own, and that the government must issue in order to have miners' rights. As to the amendments suggested, we won't say much.

The members were without doubt a difficult one, and he supposed that the government were trying to do justice to the miners by this provision. With the idea of counting in the cost of survey in making out the assessment work, he did not at all agree. Its original object had been to induce people to take out crown grants for their properties, but its success was quite doubtful. With the member from Rossland he joined in lamenting the increase in the fee for a crown grant for a mine. However, he readily understood the position of things. The government had to look around to find methods of making the loss to the treasury arising out of the reduction of the amount they were raising from that portion of the liquor traders that might rightly be styled whiskey sellers. They had reduced the fees for these and now had to tack in on to other people, and so eight poor prospectors had now to make good the sum taken off the whiskey sellers' shoulders.

The Attorney-General was surprised at the tone of Mr. Martin's remarks. That

gentleman and his friends always posed as the friends of the poor man and that at great length, and yet in this very bill the inconsistency of his claim was quite apparent. In this very act he was found opposing the clause which allowed the poor man to save \$100 by having the cost of his survey applied to make up the amount of the assessment work.

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The members were without doubt a difficult one, and he supposed that the government were trying to do justice to the miners by this provision. With the idea of counting in the cost of survey in making out the assessment work, he did not at all agree. Its original object had been to induce people to take out crown grants for their properties, but its success was quite doubtful. With the member from Rossland he joined in lamenting the increase in the fee for a crown grant for a mine. However, he readily understood the position of things. The government had to look around to find methods of

making the loss to the treasury arising out of the reduction of the amount they were raising from that portion of the liquor traders that might rightly be styled whiskey sellers. They had reduced the fees for these and now had to tack in on to other people, and so eight poor prospectors had now to make good the sum taken off the whiskey sellers' shoulders.

The Attorney-General was surprised at the tone of Mr. Martin's remarks. That

gentleman and his friends always posed as the friends of the poor man and that at great length, and yet in this very bill the inconsistency of his claim was quite apparent. In this very act he was found opposing the clause which allowed the poor man to save \$100 by having the cost of his survey applied to make up the amount of the assessment work.

Mr. Green thought that it was getting a little tiresome to hear the members of the opposition sing so much of their song of the working man. Of course they were his only friends. But the house was getting tired of hearing so much about it at their own lips. So far as he could see the provisions of the bill were in favor of the better administration of mining matters and were beneficial to the miner and prospector as well. The increase in the fee for a crown grant besides would necessarily affect the prospector. Most of the claims before they reach that stage are out of the prospector's hands, and if they were not their value would more than meet any objection that might be made on that score. He was glad to see the government doing all that they could to foster this most important industry.

This reading of the bill was then passed.

In moving the second reading of his bill respecting work done under franchises granted by private acts, Mr. Helmcken was glad to state that the measure had received the approval of the administration. During the recent campaign this had been one of the most vital questions, and he asked the house to note that the bill was very general in its scope, and while not striking especially at any particular class, undoubtedly affected the interests of the working classes generally. The subject had occasioned a most interesting debate in the Imperial House of Commons over the Australian act of union of the Commonwealth Bill. This bill, like the Canadian B.N.A. Act, which had indeed been taken as its model, contained certain clauses regarding aliens, and was being discussed in May and June last, the very months, in the English debates, Hon. Mr. Chamberlain had said:

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making the loss to the treasury arising out of the reduction of the amount

Quality sells every time!
This fact explains why Blue
Ribbon Ceylon is fast displacing
all other teas throughout Canada.

The Mikado's Army and Navy

German Critic Expresses His Opinion of the Little Brown Men.

A Remarkable War Spirit and Extraordinary Preparedness For War.

Count Hans van Koenigsbach is the well known former German military attaché in Tokio. He returned to Europe after witnessing the Japs' manoeuvres on land and sea. The following letter was written by the count before his departure from Tokio:

Tokio, June 28.—Nothing can exceed Japan's warlike preparedness as far as the army and navy themselves are concerned. I saw them at manoeuvres and do not hesitate to say that they are ready to the last leggins' button.

This preparedness, from the civilized warrior's standpoint, is both external and internal, the equipments are there and the spirit is. Indeed, imitation of European courtly and military institutions has been carried to such an extent as to obliterate the source. What were originally French, German and Russian service reforms have entered into flesh and blood and mind of the Japanese people so thoroughly as to become part and parcel of their everyday existence and endeavors.

The army manoeuvres took place on the Island of Kyushu and headquarters were established at Hokata, with Prince Komatsu in command, the latter being chief of the chapter of field marshals or supreme war council.

Like the regular European war lord he arrived by special train after everybody else, including the foreign military attaches. As his saloon car rolled into the station the national hymn was played, just as "God Save the Queen" is on like occasions in London, but there the similarity stopped. The Japs consider nothing ungodly.

They merely bared their heads and bowed low as the great man stepped out and walked to his carriage.

The Emperor's court marshal had taken charge of us foreigners, and none of his European colleagues ever excused such a task more gracefully and more liberally. There was a lot of us. Even Chili had mobilized a consul and metamorphosed him into a warrior with the aid of a many-colored uniform and a mighty sword, while China and Korea made up in quantity for any lack of quality that might develop, and such enough did develop. All told, these empires sent 48 allied officers.

We were lodged and dined like princes in the cavalry riding school in Tokio furnishing our horses, and, indeed, nothing was too good for us. Field Marshal Yamagata and other dignitaries never tired enquiring after our wishes in the name of his imperial master, who, we said, regarded us as his personal guests.

There are funny episodes in all manoeuvres. At this the foreign contingent furnished food for laughter. Even during the first gallop the majority of Chinese and Korean pseudo officers became separated from their steeds and spoiled their beautiful clothes by wiping up the roadway with them. The Chili uniform, though wavering like a dummy at a street corner in a gale, somehow stuck to the saddle for quite a little while. Finally, however, the good consul came down with the proverbial dull thud that caused his nose to bleed and twisted his sable straps around his legs.

The law of March, 1896, ordering the gradual development of the Japanese army, named the year 1903 as the time when the desired reforms, etc., were to be completed, but from what I hear and saw the Tokio war office had not to wait for the expiration of the term. I under-

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.
—
Genuine Carter's Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of

Brentwood

See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

Very small and as easy to take as sugar.
CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS. FOR HEADACHE. FOR DIZZINESS. FOR DILIGENCE. FOR TORPID LIVER. FOR CONSTIPATION. FOR SALLOW SKIN. FOR THE COMPLEXION. GENUINE MUST HAVE SIGNATURE. Price 25 cents. Purely Vegetable. *Brentwood*

CURE SICK HEADACHE. *

stand that the complete complement of troops provided by the law referred to could be put in the field now, namely 52 infantry regiments, each having three battalions, 12 regiments of horse at five escadrons each, as many regiments of artillery, with 117 batteries and six regiments of siege artillery; furthermore, technical troops, train commissariat's department, etc.

Service is compulsory, and that the Japs are the only people not discontented on that account. Their ambition, that stops at nothing, makes each raw recruit think that he carries the marshal's staff in his knapsack. Able-bodied men are subjected to enlistment at the completion of the seventeenth year, and remain under military control until they are 40. They serve three years under the flag, four years in the reserves and five years in the Landwehr. Soldiers who distinguish themselves for intelligence and daring may be placed on the reserve list before the expiration of their term.

If I were to give a detailed account of the manoeuvres, it would read like the report of some sham battle or drill on a large scale held in Berlin, Munich or on the plains of Alsace Lorraine. The Japanese order of march, advance and retreat, their shooting regulations, cavalry and gun practice are identical with the German. So are the technical movements, reconnoitring, etc.

The programme provided a brilliant military spectacle, such as I had seen time and again, albeit that the strange uniforms, standards, bands, etc., lent it a peculiar interest of its own, but aside from that, it was most agreeably struck by the evidence of superior discipline noticeable on all sides. The common Jap soldier cannot be too highly praised for following orders strictly, zealously and intelligently at the same time. I don't know from my own observation how he behaves in the barracks—in the field he is certainly at home, making the best possible use of the excellent instruction he received. He is a hardy chap, too, for he eats well and things that do him good—rice, fish, vegetables, chickens and eggs. If we could feed our European armies on these luxuries, that are at the disposal of the beggars in this country, there wouldn't be so much complaint about the stupidity of recruits, I think.

At the conclusion of the manoeuvres the prince and his staff of generals gave a Lucullan banquet in our honor and we were asked for a critical estimate of what we had seen. Then and there I had occasion to observe the Japs' true estimate of the powers. To the remarks of the British and French representatives they used to reply, but without displaying any particular concern about the criticisms delivered, but when the Court's man landed the blow and praised the achievements of the troops, they couldn't conceal their highest gratification.

In truth they pay scant attention to the distant growling of the British lion, but the proximity of the Slavic colossus is a perpetual source of anxiety with them, while at the same time it fascinates them just as a bird attracted by the snake preparing to devour it. Weighing these things in my mind, I confess to some misgivings as to the ultimate disruption between the yellow races. What if Japan had a secret understanding with China—China, which really fears only the great Russian neighbor with her imposing masses of population?

His highness and all the excellencies were tickled half to death by the Russian's good-natured criticism—if they had impressed him favorably they had demonstrated their formidablest to the one power whom they fear. As to the rest, it was scarcely worth while to bother about them. The Japs fear Russia politically and are deeply interested in the United States commercially. Hence their attention is almost exclusively centred on those two countries.

The representative of his Chinese majesty spoke curiously enough in German—this being the only foreign language he had mastered. He expressed himself very favorably, and as he has the reputation of a close student of European army methods his words struck a very agreeable note.

As a matter of fact, all the military attacks were astonished at the spectacle of military prowess and capacity seen. And the warlike spirit was not confined to the troops, either. It seems to have taken root among all classes of the population; every Jap seems to be imbued with an enthusiastic and intelligent interest in the army.

The people looked to the manoeuvres territory by the ten thousands, some coming long distances and remaining as long as the troops. I noticed the pupils of many schools, colleges and academies wearing uniforms and carrying light arms, bird rifles and the like.

I made the acquaintance of the Mikado's navy, or the best part of it, at a review held by the Emperor in person in the Bay of Hiogo, skirting the Island of Honshu, wherein the well known seaport of Kobe is situated.

The trainload of foreign attaches and other invited guests arrived at S' o'clock sharp. The sea was as smooth as a ballroom floor. The silvery white battleships of Japan were drawn up in four rows. Shikishima, the mightiest battleship of the world, with its three gilded smokestacks, held the place of honor in the first line. Seven other men-of-war, all of imposing size, stretched alongside from west to east.

Nine cruisers of the first class formed the second row, torpedo destroyers predominated in the third. The fourth, made up of torpedo boats and despatch boats, approached the coast of Ono. There was no sign of life on board of either the giants or pygmies, not a sound, not a yard of bunting was visible, scarcely a waver breaking at the bow.

Suddenly bugle calls on the Shikishima, repetition of the signal on all the rest of the ships, one after another. And as the final blast died away the decks and masts suddenly became alive with hundreds of small, dark-skinned manikins. Words of command now rang from bow to stern, while the boys in blue, looking from the distance like a flock of sheep, ran up the masts and rigging, lay aloft and unfurled a perfect rainbow of bunting, whipping the air above the yards. There were all sorts and forms of standards, flags and pennants, multi-colored, and above all floated the red, flaming sun of Japan on white ground.

Puffs of smoke now rose lazily into the air, becoming darker and blacker, growing into clouds, and finally enveloping the ships' white bodies in a thin veil. When a black spot appeared in the direction of Wada Point, from where the Mikado's flagship Asama was expected the crack cruiser Akashi at once hastened off to conduct the imperial master. She returned half an hour later, piloting the Asama and three other warships.

The extraordinary stillness prevailed up to the very second when the flagship hove into full sight. Then suddenly the imperial salute bellowed forth from all the vessels at once, making the air tremble with the thunder. There were the sharp, shrill crack of the small guns, backed by the full metallic base of the 13-inch cañon—a powerful combination.

Twenty-one times—count them—they shrieked and boomed and thundered welcome; then, as the yellow smoke wafted away, there was a "hurrah" from 10,000 throats. The decks, masts, yards and even the smokestacks were black with marines and sailors, standing, and balancing at attention.

A finally the echo of cannon boom resounded weaker and weaker from the Kiso mountains in that grand harmony of military sound, the Shikishima's band struck up the national anthem and the Mikado's flagship opened the review by majestically sailing down the first row of warships, making an imposing show of her fine lines and armament.

The moment the flagship approached one of the great war vessels, the latter's band started off with the national hymn, so that soon half a dozen bands were playing, which accompanied each other to the measure. Next the Mikado visited the mighty cruisers and torpedo destroyers, proceeding very slowly and keeping a sharp lookout. Occasionally there were signals of imperial pleasure or encouragement.

The review lasted a full hour and wound up when the Mikado, followed by his staff, transferred to the Shikishima, where a grand banquet was held, at which his majesty expressed his great satisfaction at the state of efficiency of the navy.

Japan owns to-day five men-of-war of the first class, each having more than 15,000 tons and making above 18 knots. Their armament is the very latest. She also owns seven cruisers of the first class and nine cruisers of second class, making 16 to 23 knots. In four years from now the Mikado hopes to marshal 208 war vessels of new type and equipped with the latest cannon.

The action of Carter's Little Liver Pills is pleasant, mild and natural. They gently stimulate the liver, and regulate the bowels but do not purge. They are sure to please. Try them.

Finance and Commerce

LONDON EXCHANGE

London, Aug. 21.—The stock exchange here was half empty to-day and there was a notable absence of business except in the mining department, in which there were signs of reviving in the Americans. Dealers occupied their time in playing football with bladders. The French market was strong. The Bank of England bought \$68,000 gold in bars, and received \$64,000 from India. It lost \$10,000 for South America and \$25,000 for a destination not disclosed. A combination is being arranged by the Ayrshire and Nottingham lace manufacturers, with a capital of £300,000. The money market rates remain unchanged.

WALL STREET

New York, Aug. 21.—With an entire elimination of outside interest in the market and operators of large calibre away, no significance is attached to current fluctuations, which represent venture for a term to the room traders. Considering the general conditions dominating the market, which include the unsettled Chinese situation and home factors of moment, reluctance to embark in extensive financial operations becomes more marked from day to day. This condition of affairs produces a constantly narrowing speculation. A cue to the tendency at the opening was furnished by London's weakness but the most pressure was concentrated against the industrials. A drive against sugar was made on the strength of a reduction in coffee prices by the Arbuckles to conform to the rate paid by the Sugar Co.'s ally, the Woolson Co. The stock went off 1½ points on the offering of some large amounts. Small declines in railroad stocks were in sympathy with London, and reports of unfavorable conditions in crop districts. Business was only moderate, burying the selling, and no liquidation was not forced, the shorts commenced to cover. Before the forearm expired prices were on the mend and there were indications of confident buying in stocks. Monetary conditions abroad showed further relaxation in discounts at London declining, and exchange on London at continental points also yielding. In the local market money rates were unruled with borrows described as being in an independent position. A heavy gain is due to be expected to be made by the banks this week through their operations with the sub-treasury on gold receipts at the Pacific Coast points, and redemption of 2 per cent. bonds. The latter is again debtor at the clearing house to-day of \$1,431,185.

MORNING SALES.

Ramsey—Carbo—500 at 23½. Waterloo—800 at 2½. G. C. F. S.—1,000 at 7½; 1,350 at 7½; 1,000 at 9½. Carbo—McKinley—1,000 at 9½; 1,000 at 9½.

Ladysmith

THE FUTURE Industrial City OF VANCOUVER ISLAND.

In this City are by far the best investment in the whole of British Columbia to-day. Prices, \$100 to \$350, 1-3 cash, balance 6 and 12 months.

THOMAS KITCHIN Head Agency NANAIMO, B. C.

CHICAGO MARKETS.

Chicago, Aug. 21.—The leading futures closed as follows:

Wheat—Aug. 72½; Sept. 72½; Oct. 73½; Corn—Aug. 40; Sept. 39½; Oct. 38½. Oats—Aug. 21½; Sept. 22; Oct. 22½.

THE METAL MARKET.

New York, Aug. 21.—Pig iron nominal, northern, 15.00 to 17.50; southern, 13.00 to 17.00. Copper quiet; brokers, 16.75; exchange, 16½. Lead dull; brokers 400; exchange, 42.5. Tin weak; Straits, 30.00; plates weak. Spelter dull; domestic 4.10½.

London, Aug. 21.—Copper closing; spot, 47.10; futures 47.26. Sales, spot none; futures 250 tons. Market weak.

TO TORONTO MINING QUOTATIONS.

(Furnished by A. W. More & Co.)

Toronto, Aug. 21.—Closing quotations to-day were:

	Asked.	Bid.
Atkinson	21	21
B. C. Gold Fields	34½	34½
Big Three	24	24
Black Tail	14	11
Brandon and Golden C.	11	11
Bute and Borden	3½	2½
Bute, G. S. F.	7½	7½
Cariboo McKinley	91	130
Cariboo Hydraulic	130	100
Centre Star	1.54	1.50
Centre's Nest Pass	38.00	35.00
Chilliwack	9	8
Dundas	3	2
Deep Trail Con.	3	4
Evening Star	9	8
Fairview Corp.	3	2½
Golden Star	8	7½
Gold Hills	4	2
Glen	2	2½
Hammond Reef	5½	5½
Iron Mask	32	26
Jin Blaine	12	6
Kangaroo	6	4
Kings Hill	60	55
Lone Pine—Surprise Con.	12	9
Monte Christo Con.	3½	3
Montreal Gold Fields	31½	2
Montreal and London	19½	18
Montreal Story	4	3
Mountain Lion	6½	5½
Novice Five	6	4
North Star	95	90
Novelty	24	14
Old Ironsides	75	70
Payne	11	5
Princess	90	92½
Rambler	4	2
Reindeer Con.	77½	76
Republie	15	8
Slocan Sovereign	25	24
Sunshine	25	14
Victoria	61	52
Watson	1.55	1.40
Waterloo	24	2
Whimpey	9	7½

AFTERNOON SALES.

Golden Star—200 at 73. Hammond Reef—500 at 5½; 500 at 5½. Payne—500 at 13½; 500 at 13½; 1,000 at 93. Con. And—500 at 2½; 500 at 2½. Golden Star—100 at 8; 1,000 at 8; 500 at 8.

DAILY MARKET QUOTATIONS.

(Furnished by B. Williams & Co.)

New York, Aug. 21.—The following quotations ruled this day on the Stock Exchange:

Open. High. Low. Close. Ann. Sugar 103½ 103½ 102½ 102½ Ann. Tab. 38½ 38½ 37½ 37½ P. G. Cleaver 96 96 95½ 95½ C. M.

Good Building Sites For Sale.

One and a half acres on Rockland Avenue, commanding a fine view towards Mt. Douglas.

Two and a half acres on St. Charles street. This property is one of the best building sites left, commanding a good view, and is for sale at a reasonable figure.

One acre on Rockland Avenue. A very choice situation indeed, with a magnificent view.

One and a half acres on the Old Esquimalt Road, for sale at a very low figure.

Several choice acre lots in the Fernwood Estate for sale on very easy terms.

One good building lot at the corner of South Turner and Simcoe Streets.

Two lots fronting on Park Road, beautifully situated at the entrance to the park.

Three lots at the corner of Dallas Road and South Turner Streets.

Pemberton & Son,

45 Fort St.

THE WEATHER.

Meteorological Office, Victoria, Aug. 21.—8 p.m.

SYNOPSIS.

As the barometer has risen considerably over this past week and has fallen further south, our weather is likely to remain fine and become warmer. Rain has fallen in Cariboo, and Kamloops reports a thunder-storm. West of the Cascades the weather is fair, and the winds are moderate along the Coast.

TEMPERATURES.

	Mtn. Max.
Victoria	60 64
New Westminster	63 68
Kamloops	58 70
Barberdale	46 66
Culver	44 68
Winnipeg	54 76
Portland, Ore.	60 70
San Francisco, Cal.	56 72

FORECASTS.

For 24 hours from 5 a.m., (Pacific time), Wednesday:

Victoria and vicinity: Light to moderate winds; the weather: higher temperature.

Lower Mainland: Light or moderate winds; fair; stationary or higher temperature.

VICTORIA DAILY RECORD.

Report for 21 hours ending 5 p.m. Observations taken daily at 5 a.m., noon, and 5 p.m.

TUESDAY, August 21.

Deg. 5 a.m. 57 Mean. 60 Noon. 60 Highest. 64 5 p.m. 61 Lowest. 57

The velocity and direction of the wind were as follows:

5 a.m. 12 miles south. Noon. 12 miles southeast. 5 p.m. 12 miles south.

Average state of weather—Fair.

Sunshine—8 hours 42 minutes.

Barometer at noon—Observed. 30.170

Corrected. 30.165

NEW WESTMINSTER.

Barometer at 5 p.m.—Corrected. 30.20

PASSENGERS.

By steamer Victorian from the Sound:	
G. E. Hugh	Mrs. Hastings
Mrs. Hugh	Miss Hastings
C. L. Strauss	Mrs. Letter
D. Caldicott	Mrs. Pruhle
P. Green	Mrs. Heroy
G. C. Tomson	Mrs. Thompson
G. G. Manley	Mrs. Hoover
H. Petrie	Mrs. Gray
H. Vanderberg	Jas. G. Kelly
W. Williams	W. G. Young
J. M. Leter	Mrs. Teldeman
Miss Rutschon	Master Teldeman
Miss Clark	L. S. Stoddard
Mrs. Berne	Miss Grom
G. G. Smith	A. Peters
H. S. Stebbins	T. Webster
Miss Bell	Mrs. Whalley
Miss Ley	Mrs. Boyce
J. B. Hastings	Master Boyce
Mrs. Franklin	B. Franklin

CONSIGNEES.

By steamer Victorian from the Sound:	
Province Cigar Co.	Stevenson & Co.
K. Congdon	B. C. Furn. Co.
M. Maris	T. Shotbolt
Patterson S. Co.	D. McIntosh
Pope Stat. Co.	E. G. Prior & Co.
W. & J. Wilson	S. Shore
R. P. Rithet & Co.	W. A. Jameson
L. Robinson	Erskine, W. & Co.
Hinton E. Co.	C. M. Cookson
S. Leiser & Co.	Weller Bros.
D. H. Ross & Co.	Vic. Cooperage Co.
D. Spencer	B. M. Nodack
Cunningham H. Co.	Franklin B. Co.

THE WOMAN AND HER THEORY.

There was once a woman who had a theory that Man did not care for Too Much Intellec-tu-ally or her Sex. After this Theory she called her Actions, which showed her to be a Remarkable Woman. One day a Man asked her if she Belonged to his Sister's Dian Club.

"Oh, no," she answered; "I cannot understand Dian at all."

The Next Time he Called he brought her a Bunch of Violets and asked her if she read Maeterlinck.

"No, I think it is very silly," she replied.

Then the Man brought her a Box of Chocolates, remarking, "Sweet as the Sweet—do you not think Shakespeare was right?"

The Woman saw that she was Making Progress. Now was her Time to Stop, but this she Did Not Perceive.

"Shakespeare?" said she. "Oh, yes, I have read a Little of His Works, but I do not see Much Sense in them, to tell the Truth."

"Nay, nay," said the Man, "this is too much. Not to Understand Ibsen shows that you are a Good Woman; to think Maeterlinck Silly augurs well for your Intelligence, but not to see Much Sense in Shakespeare implies that you are Uneducated."

And he did not Call Again.

These teaches us that it is Possible to Get Too Much of a Good Thing.

STOP THAT COUGH

Some people say it will go away of its own accord; but after waiting a reasonable time find it will not do so without the assistance of a good specific.

We Can Recommend

Pulmonic Cough Cure

As a quick and reliable remedy for throat and lung trouble.

HALL & CO.,

Dispensing Chemists.

Clarence Block, Cor Yates and Douglas

already piling up with pyramids of cases, sacks of putatos, crates of cabbages and other perishable goods, and on the wharf are piles of lumber, mining machinery and other goods for Northern points.

The departure of the Tees means much to the people of White Horse for the arrival of some of her cargo at the rising town at the head of navigation will relieve the families now prevailing there, the awful drought from which on the warm days of summer causes the citizens to suffer a great thirst. She will take up a large shipment of beer. There are, too, shipments of harder liquors—cases of Glenlivet, Jesse Moore and other brands from Pithier & Leiser's. That the beer drought at White Horse— to be relieved by the arrival of the shipments on the Tees—was a severe one is shown from the following extract from the White Horse Tribune: "A quart bottle of beer sold for \$7 in White Horse the other day, owing to the scarcity of the beverage in the market."

Much lumber is also to go up on the Tees for White Horse to further the building improvements there. In all about 10,000 feet is booked for White Horse and Bennett.

THE UNFORTUNATE CANADA

Starts For the Third Time on an Ill-Fated Voyage to Manila With

a Coal Cargo.

Mail advices have reached here from Australia that the bark Canada has made another start for Manila. She is now on her way from Fremantle to the Philippines. This is her third start. The Canada left Norfolk, Va., on August 27 with coal for the American warships at Manila. A water-spout partially dismasted her and damaged her considerably in April, and in May she was towed into Melbourne. As soon as she had docked had taken fire, and she had to be floated. On May 23 she sailed again, and a month later was picked up at sea and towed into Fremantle, again partially dismasted and in a generally dilapidated condition.

Mr. Davis said that the superstructure would be a wonderful job, drawing attention to the fact that there would be single pieces leaving the shops of the Phoenix Company weighing 110 tons, or as much as a 300-foot span bridge.

Mr. Davis also stated that the amount of cement to be used in building the bridge would reach 40,000 barrels. His contract will be in the vicinity of \$1,250,000, and he stated that although the work was of the ordinary everyday kind of its class, the greatest possible care would have to be given to it from the time it started up to the last moment of the contract.

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The St. Lawrence bridge will have a double track, and the engineers claim that it will be sufficiently strong to bear the weight of as many 150-ton locomotives as can be crowded on both tracks. There will also be a double track electric tramway and a double passage for carriages.

What railway companies will be interested in the completion of this bridge? Mr. Davis was then asked.

"The Grand Trunk, the Quebec Central, the Great Northern, the Lake St. John and the Intercolonial are all interested," he quickly replied; "and the expectation is that an union station will be located about where the Champlain market now stands."

The St. Lawrence bridge is being built by the Quebec Bridge Company, of which Hon. S. N. Parent, mayor of Quebec, is president, and aid has been voted by the federal parliament to the extent of \$1,000,000; the Quebec legislature \$250,000, and the city of Quebec \$300,000; the total cost being estimated at \$4,000,000.

OFFICERS ELECTED.

Conservatives Complete Arrangements For the Approaching Federal Campaign.

There was a largely attended and enthusiastic meeting of the Liberal-Conservative Association yesterday evening in Forester's hall, Government street, and considerable business of importance was transacted. The election of officers resulted as follows: President, H. D. Helmcken, Q. C., M. P. P.; vice-presidents, W. H. Hayward, M. P., McTosh district; A. E. McPhilips, M. P. P., Capt. Clive Phillips-Wolley, R. Seaforth, W. H. Price and F. Sere. The other officers were: Secretary, W. H. Cullin; corresponding secretary, H. Cuthbert; treasurer, T. B. Hall. The executive committee was chosen as follows: F. Barnes, D. R. Ker, R. Ryan, B. Boggs, J. Kirk, J. R. McKenzie, Watson Clarke, George Peacock, M. B. Banty, James Macrae, Mr. A. E. McPhilips, A. E. McTosh, Mr. C. M. Cookson, R. Seaforth, W. H. Price and F. Sere. The other officers were: Secretary, W. H. Cullin; corresponding secretary, H. Cuthbert; treasurer, T. B. Hall. The executive committee was chosen as follows: F. Barnes, D. R. Ker, R. Ryan, B. Boggs, J. Kirk, J. R. McKenzie, Watson Clarke, George Peacock, M. B. Banty, James Macrae, Mr. A. E. McPhilips, A. E. McTosh, Mr. C. M. Cookson, R. Seaforth, W. H. Price and F. Sere.

Delegates to the New Westminster convention were then elected as follows:

The officers and executive committee together with Col. Prior, M. P., Thomas Earle, M. P., J. P. Burgess, Senator Macdonald, A. S. Dunleavy and J. B. McMilligan.

The date for holding the convention in Victoria for the purpose of selecting candidates to contest the city in the approaching federal elections has been fixed for Tuesday evening, September 11, the admission to the same to be by card.

THE QUEBEC BRIDGE.

The Immense Structure Across the St. Lawrence.

In an interview published in the Mountain Gazette some interesting particulars are given of the great bridge that is to span the St. Lawrence river near Quebec.

Mr. Davis says he has now about 150 men at work, and this number will be increased to 400 within four weeks' time, when operations will be pushed with vigor on both sides of the river, for it is the intention of the contractor to have the two anchor piers completed before cold weather sets in.

The St. Lawrence bridge will extend from a point just south of the Chaudiere Basin, on the south side of the river, across Cap Rouge. Fine granite quarries at Riviere a Piere, on the Lake St. John railway, some 60 miles from the city, have been secured, and all winter long scores of men will be at work getting out stone for the immense piers required to support the steel superstructure, and which will represent a weight of about 40,000 tons.

Mr. Davis estimates the quantity of masonry entering into the great work as somewhere near 50,000 cubic yards, and he expects that 5,000 yards will have been done by the time his men finish work, say the 15th of November.

Besides the two abutments, one on the Quebec side and the other on the Lewis side, there will be two anchor piers and two great river piers, the latter creating a span of 1,800 feet, being the longest ever designed by any bridge-building concern in the world.

The wonderful bridge will be built some years ago over the Firth of Forth in Scotland, has a central span of 1,710 feet, which is 90 feet less than that of the new structure down the river, and which, as is well known, causes an intense amount of interest in engineering circles all over the country.

From each abutment to its neighboring anchor pier, there will be a distance of 400 feet, which, being doubled, and added to the two anchor spans of 500 feet, will give the total length of the St. Lawrence bridge at 3,600 feet, or a little over two-thirds of a mile.

While the anchor piers will, as stated, be finished this fall, it will most likely take two seasons to complete the two monster piers known as the river piers.

As Mr. Davis has till October, 1902, to complete his contract, he will begin one of these piers next season, beginning the first on the 10th of May, 1901, while the season of 1902 will be devoted

W. T. HARDAKER, AUCTIONEER

AUCTION

FOR WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

I will sell at Salesrooms, 77, 79 and 81 Douglas Street,

Friday, August 24, at 2 p.m.

Parlor, Dining Room,

Bedroom and Kitchen

Furniture.

Also two Horses, Express Wagon, Cart,

Top Buggy, Harness, etc.

Particulars Thursday, WM. T. HARDAKER,